## Savitā Devatā and Sūrya Deva

## By Sarla Devi Nagar

It is a golden opportunity for me to write this short note on the Glory of Savitā Devatā and Sūrya Deva and their interrelation. I have been reading the Upanisads for the last three years. However, this was my first chance to write on what I have been reading. This note starts with a common prayer from the Rgveda as follows:

ॐ विश्वानि देव सवितर्दुरितानि परासुव। यद् भद्रं तन्न आसुव।

Om Viśvāni deva Savitar duritāni parāsuva. yad bhadram tanna āsuva.

O Savitā Devatā, remove all our sins, sorrows and sufferings. Bless us all with all that is auspicious and blissful.

The Vedas tell us how the creation began:

सूर्याचन्द्रमसौ धाता याषापूर्वमक्लपयत् िंदिवं च पृथिवी चान्तरिक्षेमधो स्वः।

Sūryācandramasau dhātā yathāpūrvam akalpayat. divam ca prthivīm cāntariksam atho svah.

Dhātā, the Creator, created the sun, the moon, heavens, earth and ether as before.

स्षिटप्रक्रिया And here is the (process of creation) in brief as expounded in the Upanisads:

The Saguna Brahma is the Creator. His first embodied being is Brahmā (the Prajāpati), who was

created in order to create the praja, progeny. He first creates the gross elements as ether, air, fire, water and earth. Thereafter, the moveable and nonmoveable beings start growing.

The Chandogyopanishad (1. 6. 6-7) describes the Luminous Person

in the Solar Orb:

य आदित्ये तिष्ठ्न्। "Of all the आदित्यादन्तरो यमादित्यो phenomenal objects, the sun was regarded with the greatest wonder and admiration आत्मान्तर्थाम्यमृतः।

> by the ancients everywhere."

-Swāmi Nikhilananda

एषोऽन्तरादित्ये हिरण्मयः पुरुषो दृश्यते हिरण्यरमश्रहिरण्यकेश औप्रणखात्सर्व एव सुवर्णः ॥ ६॥ तस्य यथा कप्यासं पुण्डरीकमेवमिक्षणी तस्योदिति नाम सु एषु सर्वभ्यः पाप्मभ्य उदित उदेति ह वै सर्वेभ्यः पाप्मभ्यो य एवं वेद ॥ ७ ॥

Eșo'ntarāditye Hiranmayah puruşo dráyate hiranyasmasrur hiranyakeśa āpranakhāt sarva eva suvarnah.

Tasya yathā kapyāsam pundarīkam evam aksiņī tasyoditi nāma sa eşa sarvebhyah pāpmabhya udita udeti ha vai sarvebhyah pāpmabhyo ya evam veda.

Now, the Golden Person Who is seen in the sun - Who has a golden beard and golden hair, Who is

golden to the very tips of his nails -His eyes are like a lotus flower, red as the rump of a monkey.

His name is Ut, for He has risen (udita) above all evil. He, too, who knows this rises above all evil.

माध्यन्दिनशाखीया बहदारण्यकोपनिषद् (3. 7. 12) says:

यमयति स त Ya Aditye tisthan. Ādityādantaro, yam Ādityo na veda, yasyādityah śarīram, ya

Ādityam antaro yamayati sa ta

Ātmāntaryāmyamṛtaḥ.

न वेद यस्यादित्यः

आदित्यमन्तरो

He Who inhabits Aditya, yet is within Aditya; Whom Aditya does not know; Whose body Aditya is; and Who controls Aditya from within, He is your Self, the inner controller, the Immortal.

Let us see what Bhagavadgītā (15. 12) says:

यदादित्यगतं तेजो जगद भासयतेऽखिलम् । यच्चन्द्रमसि यच्चाग्नौ तत्तेजो विदिध मामकम् ॥

Yad ādityagatam tejo jagad bhāsayate'khilam. Yaccandramasi yaccāgnau tat tejo viddhi māmakam.